§ 114.3 Disbursements for communications in connection with a Federal election to restricted class.

(a) General. (1) A corporation may make communications including partisan communications to its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel and their families on any subject. A labor organization may make communications including partisan communications to its members and executive or administrative personnel and their families on any subject. Corporations and labor organizations may also make the nonpartisan communications permitted under 11 CFR 114.4 to their restricted class or any part of that class. No corporation or labor organization may make contributions or expenditures for partisan communications to the general public in connection with a federal election and no national bank or corporation organized by authority of any law of Congress may make contributions or expenditures for partisan communications to the general public in connection with any election to any political office including any State or local office.

(2) An incorporated membership organization, incorporated trade association, incorporated cooperative or corporation without capital stock may communicate with its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families, as permitted in 11 CFR 114.3(a) (1) and (c), and shall report disbursements for partisan communications as required by 11 CFR 100.8(b)(4) and 104.6.

(b) Reporting Partisan
Communications. Disbursements for partisan communications made by a corporation to its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel and their families or by a labor organization to its members and executive or administrative personnel and their families shall be reported in accordance with 11 CFR 100.8(b)(4) and 104.6 if the communications expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate.

(c) Means of Making Partisan
Communications. The means of making
partisan communications for which
disbursements must be reported under
11 CFR 114.3(b) include, but are not
limited to, the examples set forth in 11
CFR 114.3(c) (1) through (4).

(1) Partisan Publications. Printed material of a partisan nature may be distributed by a corporation to its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel and their families or by a labor organization to its members and executive or

11 CFR Part 114 is amended as follows:

PART 114—[AMENDED]

1. By revising §§ 114.3 and 114.4 (a)—
(d) to read as follows:

administrative personnel and their families, provided that:

(i) The material is produced at the expense of the corporation or labor

organization; and

(ii) The material constitutes a communication of the views of the corporation or the labor organization. and is not the republication or reproduction in whole or in part, of any broadcast, transcript or tape or any written, graphic, or other form of campaign materials prepared by the candidate, his or her campaign committees, or their authorized agents. A corporation or labor organization may, under this section, use brief quotations from speeches or other materials of a candidate that demonstrate the candidate's position as part of the corporation's or labor organization's expression of its own

(2) Partisan Candidate and Party Appearances. A corporation may allow a candidate or party representative to address its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel, and their families, at a meeting, convention or other function of the corporation. A labor organization may allow a candidate or party representative to address its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families, at a meeting, convention or other function of the labor organization. Employees outside the restricted class of the corporation or labor organization who are necessary to administer the meeting, limited invited guests and observers, and representatives of the news media may also be present during a candidate or party representative appearance under this section. The candidate or party representative may ask for contributions to his or her campaign or party, or ask that contributions to the separate segregated fund of the corporation or labor organization be designated for his or her campaign or party. The incidental solicitation of persons outside the corporation's or labor organization's restricted class who may be present at the meeting as permitted by this section will not be a violation of 11 CFR

114.5(g). (3) Partisan Phone Banks. A corporation may establish and operate phone banks to communicate with its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel, and their families, urging them to register and/or vote for a particular candidate or candidates, and a labor organization may establish and operate phone banks to communicate with its members and executive or administrative personnel. and their families, urging them to

register and/or vote for a particular candidate or candidates.

(4) Partisan Registration and Get-Out-The-Vote Drives. A corporation may conduct registration and get-out-the-vote drives aimed at its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel, and their families, or a labor organization may conduct registration and get-out-the-vote drives aimed at its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families. Registration and get-out-thevote drives include providing transportation to the polls. Such drives may be partisan in that individuals may be urged to register with a particular party or to vote for a particular candidate or candidates, but assistance in registering or voting may not be withheld or refused on a partisan basis. and if transportation or other services are offered in connection with a registration or get-out-the-vote drive, such transportation or services may not be withheld or refused on a partisan basis.

§ 114.4 Expenditures for communications in connection with a Federal election to the restricted class and the general public.

(a) Nonpartisan Communications by a Corporation or Labor Organization to its Employees or its Restricted Class. (1) General. (i) A corporation may make the nonpartisan communications permitted under 11 CFR 114.4 (b) and (c) to its stockholders, executive or administrative personnel, other employees, and their families. A labor organization may make such communications to its members, executive or administrative personnel, other employees, and their families. Communications which a corporation or labor organization may make only to its solicitable class are found at 11 CFR

(ii) An incorporated membership organization, incorporated trade association, incorporated cooperative or corporation without capital stock may make the communications permitted under 11 CFR 114.4 (b) and (c) to its members, executive or administrative personnel, other employees, and their families, as provided by 11 CFR 114.4(d). The organizations covered under this section will be treated as corporations for the purpose of making communications to the general public under 11 CFR 114.4 (b) and (c).

(2) Nonpartisan Candidate and Party Appearances on Corporate Premises or at a Meeting, Convention or Other Function. Corporations may permit candidates, candidates' representatives or representatives of political parties on corporate premises or at a meeting.

convention, or other function of the corporation to address or meet stockholders, executive or administrative personnel, and other employees of the corporation, and their families, under the conditions set forth in 11 CFR 114.4(a)(2) (i) through (v).

(i) If a candidate for the House or Senate or a candidate's representative is permitted to address or meet employees. all candidates for that seat who request to appear must be given the same

opportunity to appear:

(ii) If a Presidential or Vice Presidential candidate or candidate's representative is permitted to address or meet employees, all candidates for that office who are seeking the nomination of a major party or who are on the general election ballot in enough States to win a majority of the electoral votes and who request to appear must be given the same opportunity to appear;

(iii) If representatives of a political party are permitted to address or meet employees, representatives of all political parties which had a candidate or candidates on the ballot in the last general election or which are actively engaged in placing or will have a candidate or candidates on the ballot in the next general election and who request to appear must be given the same opportunity to appear,

(iv) A corporation, its stockholders, executive or administrative personnel, or other employees of the corporation or its separate segregated fund shall make no effort, either oral or written, to solicit or direct or control contributions by members of the audience to any candidate or party in conjunction with any appearance by any candidate or party representative under this section;

(v) A corporation, its stockholders. executive or administrative personnel or other employees of the corporation or its separate segregated fund shall not, in conjunction with any candidate or party representative appearance under this section, endorse, support or oppose any candidate, group of candidates or political party.

(3) Nonpartisan Candidate and Party Appearances on Labor Organization Premises or at a Meeting, Convention or Other Function. A labor organization may permit candidates, candidates representatives or representatives of political parties on the labor organization's premises or at a meeting, convention, or other function of the labor organization to address or meet members, executive or administrative personnel, and other employees of the labor organization, and their families, if the conditions set forth in 11 CFR

114.4(a)(2) (i) through (iii) and 11 CFR 114.4(a)(3) (i) and (ii) are met.

(i) An official, member, or employee of a labor organization or its separate segregated fund shall not make any. effort, either oral or written, to solicit or direct or control contributions by members of the audience to any candidate or party representative under this section.

(ii) An official, member, or employee of a labor organization or its separate segregated fund shall not, in conjunction with any candidate or party representative appearance under this section, endorse, support or oppose any candidate, group of candidates or

political party.

(b) Nonpartisan Communications by Corporations and Labor Organizations to the General Public.—(1) General. A corporation or labor organization may make the communications described in 11 CFR 114.4(b) (2) through (5) to the general public. The corporation or labor organization may include its logo or otherwise identify itself as the sponsor of the communication.

(2) Nonpartisan Registration and Voting Communications. A corporation or labor organization may make nonpartisan registration and get-out-thevote communications to the general

(i) For purposes of 11 CFR 114.4(b)(2). the following are factors that the Commission may consider in determining whether a registration or get-out-the-vote communication is nonpartisan:

(A) It neither names nor depicts any particular candidate(s) or it names or depicts all candidates for a particular Federal office without favoring any candidate(s) over any other(s);

(B) It names no political party(s) except that it may include the political party affiliation of all candidates named or depicted under 11 CFR

114.4(b)(2)(i)(A);

(C) It is limited to urging acts such as voting and registering and to describing the hours and places of registration and

(ii) A corporation or labor organization may make communications permitted under this section through posters, billboards, broadcasting media, newspapers, newsletters, brochures, or similar means of communication with the general public.

(3) Official Registration and Voting Information. (i) A corporation or labor organization may distribute to the general public, or reprint in whole and distribute to the general public, any registration or voting information, such es instructional materials, which has

been produced by the official election. administrators.

(ii) A corporation or labor organization may distribute official registration-by-mail forms to the general public if registration by mail is permitted by the applicable State law.

(iii) A corporation or labor organization may donate funds to State or local agencies responsible for the administration of elections to help defray the costs of printing or distributing registration or voting information and forms.

(iv) The information and forms referred to in 11 CFR 114.4(b)(3) (i) through (iii) must be distributed in a nonpartisan manner, and the corporation or labor organization may not, in connection with the distribution, endorse, support, or otherwise promote registration with or voting for a particular party or candidate.

(4) Voting Records. A corporation or labor organization may prepare and distribute to the general public the nonpartisan voting records of Members of Congress as long as the preparation and distribution is not for the purpose of influencing a Federal election. For the purpose of this section, a nonpartisan voting record that may be distributed is a publication which describes in a nonpartisan manner bills and other legislative measures voted on by Congress and which states the factual record of each officeholder's votes on such bills and measures.

(5) Voter Guides. A corporation or labor organization may prepare and distribute to the general public nonpartisan voter guides consisting of questions posed to candidates concerning their positions on campaign issues and the candidates' responses to those questions. The following are factors that the Commission may consider in determining whether a voter

guide is nonpartisan: (i) The questions are directed to all of

the candidates for a particular seat or office, giving the candidates equal time to respond, except that in the case of Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates the questions may be directed only to those candidates seeking the nomination of a major party or to those appearing on the general election ballot in enough States to win a

majority of the electoral votes:

(ii) The voter guide reprints verbatim the responses of each candidate to whom questions were sent, without any additional comment, editing, or emphasis, although the sponsoring organization may impose limitations on the number of words per response when the questions are initially sent to the candidates for their comments;

(iii) The wording of the questions presented does not suggest or favor any position on the issues covered;

(iv) The voter guide expresses no editorial opinion concerning the issues presented nor does it indicate any support for or opposition to any ... candidate or political party;

(v) The sponsor may ask each candidate to provide biographical information such as education, employment positions, offices held, and community involvement and may impose a limitation on the number of words per submission; and

(vi) The voter guide is made available to the general public in the geographic area in which the sponsoring organization normally operates.

(c) Nonpartisan Registration and Get-Out-The-Vote Drives.—(1) Requirements for Conducting Nonpartisan Drives. (i) A corporation or labor organization may conduct nonpartisan voter registration drives which are not limited to its restricted class if the conditions in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) (A) through (C) of this section are met. A corporation or labor organization may conduct nonpartisan get-out-the-vote drives, such as by transporting people to the polls, which drives are not limited to its restricted class if the conditions of paragraphs (c)(1)(i) (A) through (C) of this section

(A) The corporation or labor organization shall jointly sponsor the drives with a nonprofit organization which is exempt from Federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. 501(c) (3) or (4) and which does not support, endorse or oppose candidates or political parties, or with a State or local agency which is responsible for the administration of elections:

(B) The activities shall be conducted by the tax-exempt organization or by persons authorized by the State or local agency; and

(C) These services shall be made available without regard to the voter's

political preference.

(ii) For the purposes of 11 CFR 114.4(c)(1)(i)(B), a corporation or labor organization which provides space on the corporation's or labor organization's premises for a table, rack or booth from which official registration or voting 'information is distributed to the general public, and which provides its employees or members to aid in the distribution of such materials, shall not be considered to be "conducting" a registration or voting drive.

(2) Donation of Funds. A corporation or labor organization may donate funds to be used for nonpartisan registration

drives to State or local agencies responsible for the administration or elections and to nonprofit organizati which are exempt from Federal taxation under 28 U.S.C. 501(c) (3) or (4) and which do not support, endorse or oppose candidates or political parties.

(3) Use of Personnel and Facilities. A nonpartisan tax-exempt organization, or person authorized by a State or local agency, in conducting nonpartisan registration and get-out-the-vote activities, may utilize the employees and facilities of a corporation or the employees or members and facilities of

a labor organization.

(4) When Co-Sponsorship Not Required. A nonprofit organization which is exempt from federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. 501(c) (3) or (4) and which does not support, endorse or oppose any candidates or political parties may conduct nonpartisan voter registration and get-out-the-vote activities on its own without a cosponsor.

(5) Identification of Drive Sponsors.

All materials prepared for distribution to the general public in connection with the registration or voting drive shall include the full names of all drive sponsors.

(d) Incorporated Membership Organizations, Incorporated Trade Associations, Incorporated Cooperatives and Corporations Without Capital Stock. An incorporated membership organization, incorporated trade association, incorporated cooperative or corporation without capital stock may permit candidates, candidates' representatives or representatives of political parties to address or meet members and employees of the organization, and their families, on the organization's premises or at a meeting, convention or other function of the organization, provided that the conditions set forth in 11 CFR 114.4(a)(2) (i) through (v) are met.

(e) Nonpartisan Candidate Debates.

Conforming Amendments

2. By revising §§ 114.1 (a)(2)(i), (a)(2)(ii), (c), and (c)(2)(iv) to read as follows:

§ 114.1 Definitions.

(2) • • •

(i) Communications by a corporation to its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel and their families or by a labor organization to its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their

families, on any subject;

(ii) Nonpartisan registration and getout-the-vote campaigns by a corporation aimed at its stockholders and executive or administrative personnel and their families or by a labor organization aimed at its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families;

(b) · · •

(c) "Executive or administrative personnel" means individuals employed by a corporation or labor organization who are paid on a salary rather than hourly basis and who have policymaking, managerial, professional, or supervisory responsibilities.

(1) · · · · · (2) · · · ·

(iv) Individuals who may be paid by the corporation or labor organization, such as consultants, but who are not employees, within the meaning of 26 CFR 31.3401(c)-1, of the corporation or labor organization for the purpose of income withholding tax on employee wages under Internal Revenue Code of 1954, section 3402.

3. By revising § 114.5(g) (2) and (1) as follows:

§ 114.5 Separate segregated funds.

(g) · · ·

(2) A labor organization, or a separate segregated fund established by a labor organization is prohibited from soliciting contributions to such a fund from any person other than its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families.

(1) Methods permitted by law to labor organizations. Notwithstanding any other law, any method of soliciting voluntary contributions or of facilitating the making of voluntary contributions to a separate segregated fund established by a corporation, permitted by law to corporations with regard to stockholders and executive or administrative personnel, shall also be permitted to labor organizations with regard to their members and executive or administrative personnel.

4. By revising § 114.7 (a), (e) and (h) as follows:

§ 114.7 Membership organizations, cooperatives or corporations without capital stock.

(a) Membership organizations, cooperatives, or corporations without

capital stock, or separate segregated funds established by such persons may solicit contributions to the fund from members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families, of the organization, cooperative, or corporation without capital stock.

(e) There is no limitation upon the number of times an organization under this section may solicit its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families.

(h) A membership organization, cooperative, or corporation without capital stock may communicate with its members and executive or administrative personnel, and their families, under the provisions of § 114.3 of this part.

5. By revising § 114.8 (h) and (i) as follows:

§ 114.8 Trade associations.

- (h) Communications other than solicitations. A trade association may make communications, other than solicitations, to its members and their families under the provisions of § 114.3 of this part. When making communications to a member which is a corporation, the trade association may communicate with the representatives of the corporation with whom the trade association normally conducts the association's activities.
- (i) Trade association employees. (1) A trade association may communicate with its executive or administrative personnel and their families under the provisions of § 114.3 of this part; a trade association may communicate with its other employees under the provisions of § 114.4 of this part.
- (2) A trade association may solicit its executive or administrative personnel and their families under the provisions of § 114.5(g) of this part; a trade association may solicit its other employees under the provisions of § 114.6 of this part.

Dated: March 1, 1982.

Danny Lee McDonald, Chairman, Federal Election Commission.

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